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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
09/504,150	02/15/2000	Michael George Bunn	190-1445	7518
7:	590 04/26/2004	EXAM	INER	
	ith McWilliams Swee	Kim, JU	KIM, JUNG W	
P O Box 2786 Chicago, IL 6	60690-2786	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2132	10
	•		DATE MAILED: 04/26/2004	, (0

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

F 3			// ,			
Advisory Action		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/504,150	BUNN, MICHAEL GEORGE			
•		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Jung W Kim	2132			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
Thereformation of the second in the second i	EPLY FILED 08 April 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THore, further action by the applicant is required to a section under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (on for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appenation (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	avoid abandonment of this appli 1) a timely filed amendment who	cation. A proper reply to a ich places the application in			
	PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]				
have bee 37 CFR 1 (b) above	The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing. The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advevent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). In significant of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The data filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extending its calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three meatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	visory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the nan SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THate on which the petition under 37 CFR 1. Insign and the corresponding amount of the distatutory period for reply originally set in	of the final rejection. IE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 136(a) and the appropriate extension fee e fee. The appropriate extension fee under the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in			
	A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant B7 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CF					
2. 🖾	The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered by	pecause:				
(a)	oxtimes they raise new issues that would require furth	ner consideration and/or search	(see NOTE below);			
(b)	☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note	below);				
(C)	they are not deemed to place the application issues for appeal; and/or	in better form for appeal by ma	terially reducing or simplifying the			
(d)	they present additional claims without cance	eling a corresponding number of	finally rejected claims.			
	NOTE: See Continuation Sheet.					
3. 🗌 .	Applicant's reply has overcome the following reje	ction(s):				
	Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).					
	The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☒ request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .					
	The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered be raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ecause it is not directed SOLELY	Y to issues which were newly			
•	The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows	;				
	Claim(s) allowed:					
	Claim(s) objected to:					
	Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-15</u> .					
	Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
	The drawing correction filed on is a) ap	y the Examiner.				
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 10. Other:						

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

Continuation Sheet (PTOL-303) 009/504,150





Application No.

Continuation of 2. NOTE: Claim 16 introduces the following new issue, which requires further consideration and/or search: the invention defined is a method for authenticating a printed test certificate wherein the test certificate producer is checked for authorization to perform a test. This new limitation was not specified in any of the original or previously amended claims.

Continuation of 5. The request for reconsideration does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant stipulates that the 112, first paragraph rejection is overcome by the disclosure of an embodiment of the invention in the current specification wherein a central server performs a check to confirm that a tester and a vehicle test station are duly authorized to perform a test (see specification, page 5), and hence are ipso facto authorized to produce a test certificate (see Amendment, page 6, 2nd paragraph). However, the step of authorizing a tester and test station to perform a test is distinctly different in nature than the step of authorizing a document producer to produce a document (as defined in the independent claims 1 and 13). Futher, the applicant's implication fails to also consider whether or not the test result was a "pass" or if the tester confirmed the results of the test (see Specification, page 4, first 4 full paragraphs). As such, the disclosure is not enabling for the limitation of an authentication authority checking whether the document producer is authorized to produce the document as defined in the claims. Furthermore, in regards to applicant's assertion that the present invention is concerned with verifying the authenticity of a printed document (see Amendment, page 8, last paragraph), the claims define a distinctly different type of method and apparatus: the steps of verifying the authenticity of a printed document checks for uniqueness and modifications to a printed document (typically using a hash, checksum, digital signature, or a seal); however, the steps of authenticating a printed document (the preamble of independent claims 1 and 13) requires only a quantity that uniquely identifies the printed document. In the case of the Kocher prior art of record, a cryptographic hash identifies the printed document. Hence, applicant's arguments are not pointed to the claimed inventions and the claimed inventions are not patentably distinguished from the Kocher reference. Finally, applicant is reminded that although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).